# Company strategy update











Helsinki, 4 October 2023

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# **Strategy**



## Equity story backed by long-term tailwinds

## Demography

# **Market** consolidation

Public financing

- Baby boom generation: impact as of '2025'
- Demographic pressure already starting to show
  - Waiting lists
  - Capacity needs

# Demography (NL)





# Hoe staat het met de wachtlijsten voor verpleeghuizen?



juli 2023

191.303°

mensen hebben een Wlz-indicatie voor verpleeghuiszorg, oftewel: zij hebben blijvend intensieve zorg nodig.

Dat is 1 op de 95 Nederlanders.



21.209<sup>z</sup>

mensen op de wachtlijst.

Dat is 11% van de mensen met een Wiz-indicatie.



11.409<sup>2</sup>

mensen wachten uit voorzorg.

Zij wachten uit voorzorg op een plek in het verpleeghuis.



#### Hoeveel mensen wonen in een verpleeghuis?

De plekken die er in het verpleeghuis zijn, zijn niet altijd bezet. Dat lijkt vreemd, als je de grote aantallen wachtenden ziet. Maar het tekort aan personeel is een belangrijke reden dat er minder nieuwe mensen in het verpleeghuis komen wonen. Het verpleeghuis heeft dan wel een kamer, maar niet de zorgverleners om daadwerkelijk zorg te leveren.

122.419 pul-23 mensen in het verpleeghuis.



#### Hoe ontwikkelden de wachtlijsten zich het afgelopen jaar?<sup>2</sup>

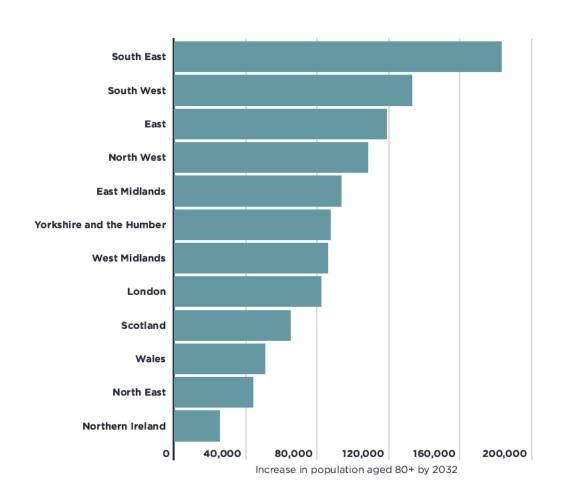


Bron: V Ministerie van VWS Z ZINL/Zorgcijfersdatabank

# Demography (UK)

# aedifica housing with care

#### 1.1 MILLION ADDITIONAL PEOPLE AGED 80+ BY 2032

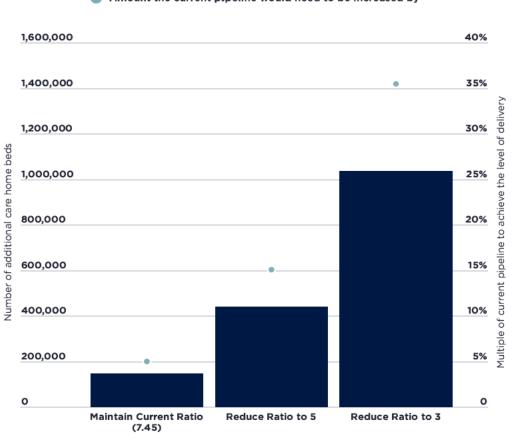


Source: Oxford Economics

## ~440K ADDITIONAL BEDS NEEDED BY 2032 TO REDUCE CARE HOME BED RATIO TO 5.1







Source: Savills using Oxford Economics, EAC

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# Demography (BE)



# Bijna evenveel bewoners in woonzorgcentra als voor coronacrisis: wachtlijsten in sommige regio's

De bezettingsgraad van de Vlaamse woonzorgcentra is met 94 procent bijna gestegen tot het niveau van voor de coronapandemie. In sommige regio's belanden mensen die een plaats willen opnieuw op een wachtlijst. Dat schrijft Het Nieuwsblad op basis van cijfers van het Agentschap Zorg en Gezondheid.

#### Wachtlijsten

De toegenomen vraag leidt op sommige plaatsen tot wachtlijsten. In regio's met een hoge vergrijzingsgraad zoals Limburg, Vlaams-Brabant en de Noorderkempen kunnen mensen soms niet meteen terecht in het woonzorgcentrum van hun voorkeur.

Source: https://www.vrt.be/vrtnws/nl/2023/08/19/bezettingsgraad-woonzorgcentra-stijgen-wachtlijsten/

#### Woonzorgcentra willen meer plaatsen

"De komende jaren komt er een explosie van vergrijzing op ons af", zegt Margot Cloet, gedelegeerd bestuurder van Zorgnet-Icuro in. "Het aantal 85-plussers neemt tot 2050 spectaculair toe. Vandaag zijn dat er in Vlaanderen zo'n 220.000, in 2030 al 245.000 en daarna volgt een ongeziene stijging tot 480.000 in 2050."



#### Het aantal 85-plussers neemt tot 2050 spectaculair toe

Margot Cloet, Zorgnet-Icuro

VLOZO en Zorgnet-Icuro roepen de Vlaamse regering dan ook op om de ouderenzorg veel beter voor te bereiden op die vergrijzing, in de eerste plaats door het aantal kamers in woonzorgcentra uit te breiden.

# **Strategy**





## **Demography**

- Baby boom generation: impact as of '2025'
- Demographic pressure already starting to show
  - Waiting lists
  - Capacity needs

# Market consolidation

- No longer major French operator groups?
- But mid-sized operators stepping in
  - UK
  - Germany

## **Public financing**

# **Strategy**



## Equity story backed by long-term tailwinds

## **Demography**

- Baby boom generation: impact as of '2025'
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# Market consolidation

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## **Public financing**

- Still strong commitment
   from Governments
- But focus on future affordability
- Case study: Netherlands

# Public financing (NL)



	Intramural	Extramural		
Care	State funded + personal contribution up to €2,650/month	State funded + personal contribution up to €967/month		
Housing	State funded (approx. €1,050/month)	Personal costs, Range € 1,000 - € 2,000/month		
Services	State funded	Personal costs Range € 1,000 - € 2,500/month		
Operator type	Not-for-profit operators	Private operators (90%) Not-for-profit (10%)		
Characteristics	Larger nursing home up to 100+ beds Economies of scale Low to medium quality of service	Smaller more residential settings (max. 30 beds) Medium to high quality of service		
Market size	Approx. 130,000 beds	Approx. 15,000 beds		
Target group	Dementia (90%), physically challenged (10%)	Dementia (75%), physically challenged (25%)		

# Public financing (NL)



Projected P&L - standard NL profit (mid segment market) and not-for-profit									
	Private operators	%	per person	Not-for-profit	%	per person			
Number of units	52		1	150		1			
Average Housing Price /u/year	24.600		24.600						
Average care income (ZZP 5+) /u/yea	74.832		74.832	115.064		115.064			
Occ. Rate: - Housing	95,0%			97,0%					
Turnover	4.911.941	100%	94.460	17.259.576	100%	115.064			
- Rent + services	1.215.240	25%	23.370	0	0%	0			
- VPT component/care component	3.696.701	75%	71.090	16.908.805	98%	112.725			
- Other turnover (e.g. subsidies)	0	0%	0	350.771	2%	2.338			
Costs	4.358.756	100%	83.822	15.748.860	100%	104.992			
- Total Employee Costs	2.852.200	65%	54.850	10.790.915	69%	71.939			
- Operating Costs (Kitchen, Laundry, Accounting,.	130.000	3%	2.500	2.255.267	14%	15.035			
- Other "Huisvestingskosten"	130.000	3%	2.500	761.137	5%	5.074			
- Other	457.600	10%	8.800	80.041	1%	534			
- Rent	788.956	18%	15.172	1.861.500	12%	12.410			
EBITDA	553.185	11%	10.638	1.510.716	9%	10.071			
EBITDAR	1.342.141	27%	25.810	3.372.216	20%	22.481			
Aedifica's ratios analysis									
Rent/Turnover	16%			11%					
Rent/EBITDAR (benchmark <60%)	<b>59%</b>			<b>55</b> %					
Rent / u / d	€ 42			€ 34					
Turnover / u	€ 94.460			€ 115.064					
Turnover / u /m	€ 7.872			€ 9.589					
Turnover / u /d	€ 259			€ 315					

# Sector prospects (short-term)



#### **HEADWINDS**

- Pressure on operator margins
  - Time gap between cost increases and revenue growth

# MAIN INDICATORS FOR IMPROVEMENT

- Resident occupancy
- Revenue/resident increases
- Solving staffing issues

#### **POSITIVE SIGNS**

- UK + IE: strong operator performance
- BE: positive trend
- FI: positive trend (Attendo)
- NL: positive trend despite thin margins in not-for-profit
- Quid DE? First positive sign?

# What about growth?



- Cost of capital to stabilise
- Valuation of real estate to stabilise
- Nevertheless opportunities growing
  - Development (Finland)
  - Asset deal
  - M&A /structured deals



# Financials





# Strong balance sheet



**39.3% DEBT-TO-ASSETS RATIO**POST CAPITAL INCREASE JULY
2023

#### **FINANCIAL POLICY:**

DEBT-TO-ASSETS RATIO ~40% WITH A MAXIMUM OF 45%

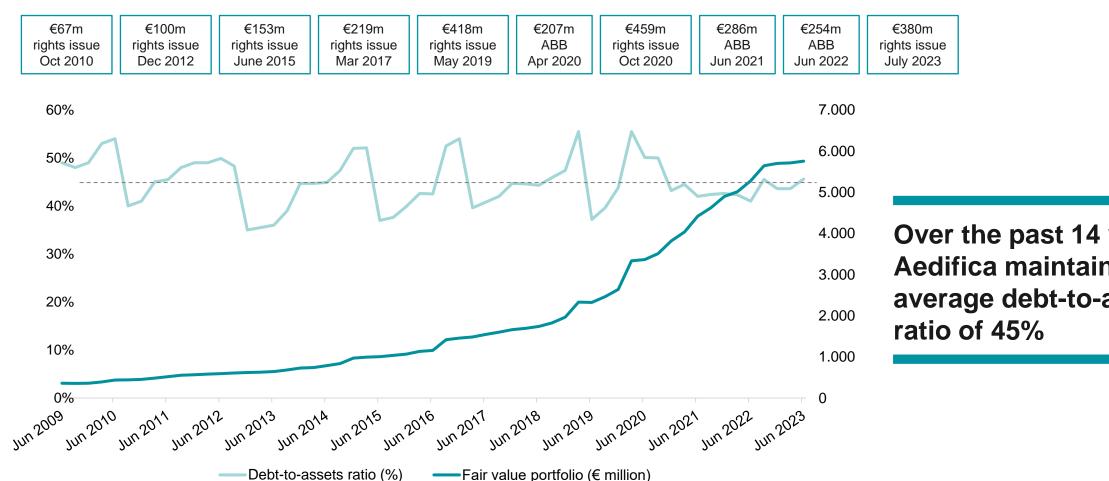
**5.8% GROSS YIELD PORTFOLIO VALUE** AT 30 JUNE 2023

**DEVELOPMENT PIPELINE FINANCING** WITH RETAINED EARNINGS & ASSETS
DISPOSALS CONTRIBUTION

**DEBT-TO-ASSETS RATIO**EXPECTED TO REMAIN IN THE LOW 40%

## **Debt-to-assets ratio**



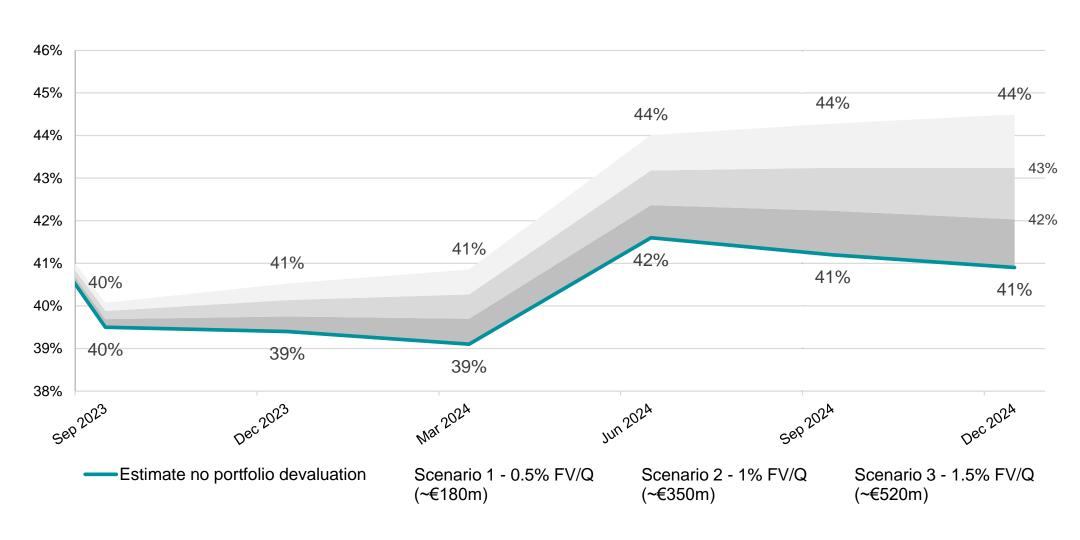


Over the past 14 years, Aedifica maintained an average debt-to-assets

# DTA expected to remain below 45%



# Portfolio valuation sensitivity



# Credit rating & KPI's<sup>1</sup>

# Solid investment grade rating



BBB with stable outlook Credit rating S&P Global

(>5x by year-end)

 $\sim$ 5.8 $\times$ 

~8.7x (<9x by year-end) Net debt/EBITDA<sup>3</sup>

Unsecured financing except

- Hoivatilat: certain particularities apply, and
- Germany: in very limited cases

~2.1%

by year-end

Average cost of debt

incl. commitment fees

42% sustainable financing share of drawn debt

<4% encumbered debt

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Estimates as at 30 September 2023.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Aedifica's Sustainability Bond definition: ratio of 'operating result before result on portfolio' to 'net interest charges' (12m rolling).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Not adjusted for projects under construction.

# Credit facilities<sup>1</sup>

## Diversified sources of funding

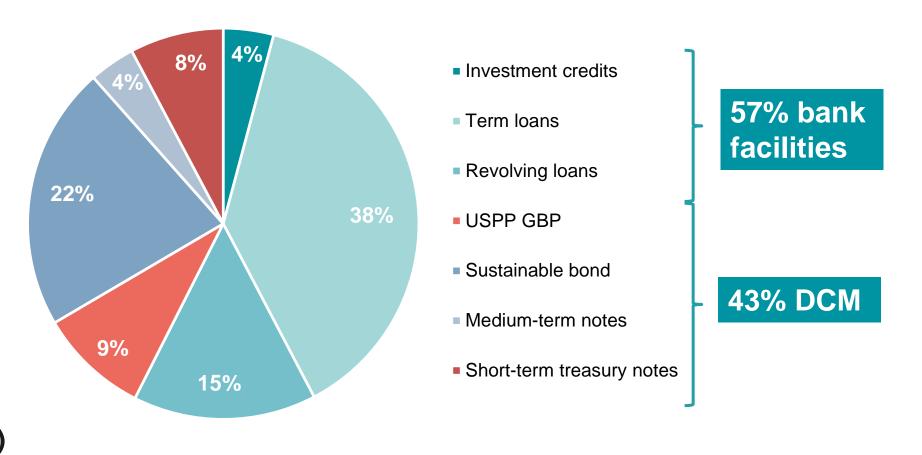


# Total financial debt: €2,284 million

### Debt financing YTD: €445 million

- €340 million early refinancing of existing credit facilities
- €105 million new credit facilities

Continued good access to (unsecured) bank financing

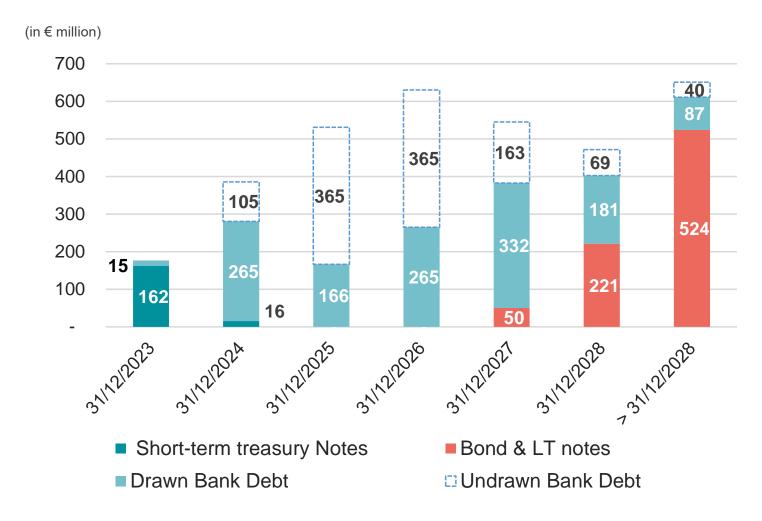


<sup>1</sup> Data as at 30 September 2023.

# **Credit facilities**

# Well spread debt maturity profile





## €929 million<sup>1</sup>

headroom on committed credit lines on September 30 to finance capex & liquidity needs

Financing needs are covered till summer 2025

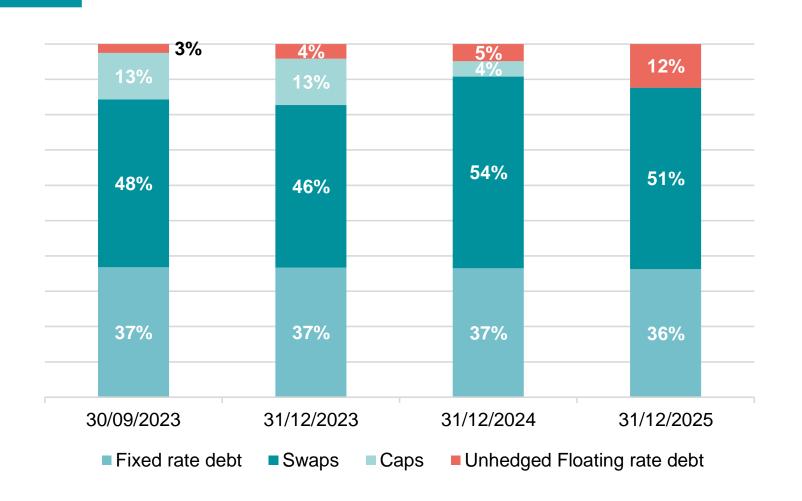
Full back up for the short-term treasury notes with long-term committed credit lines

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> After deduction of the short-term treasury notes.

# **Credit facilities**

## Interest rate hedging<sup>1</sup>





## 97%

of debt hedged by derivatives or fixed rate debt as of 30 September 2023

## 5.1 years

Weighted average hedge maturity

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Assuming debt as of 30 September 2023 unchanged.



# Conclusion



## Focus on

## **Asset management**

Long-term cash flows (growing with indexation)

Quality of rent coverage

**Balance sheet** management

Committed pipeline slowing down

Further asset rotation

Retained earnings support the financing of the pipeline

# **Investment** opportunities

Pressure in the investment market is building

Timing: stabilisation of interest rates

# Confident about market

**Demand-driven & resilient** 



**Stefaan Gielens - Chief Executive Officer Ingrid Daerden - Chief Financial Officer** 



## **Aedifica SA/NV**

Public REIT under Belgian Law Regulated Real Estate Company (RREC) Société immobilière réglementée (SIR) Gereglementeerde vastgoedvennootschap (GVV)

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